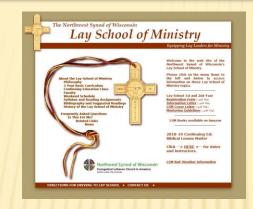
GPS: God's Positioning System Reading the Bible through a Geographical Lens



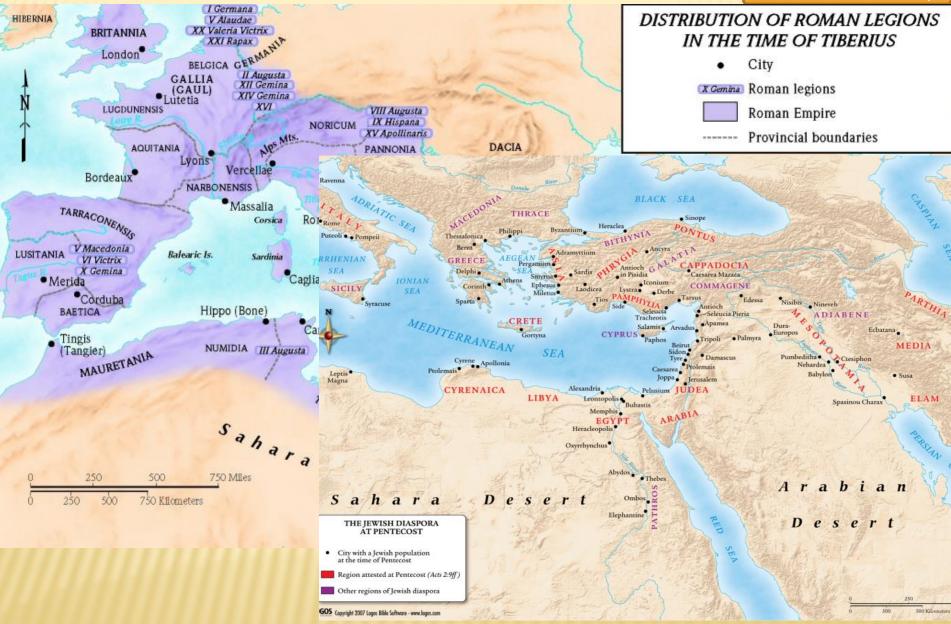
Session 6

From Jerusalem to Rome Geography of the Early Church

Acts 1.12: Then they returned to Jerusalem from the mount called Olivet, ... a Sabbath day's journey away

Satellite Earth Mount of Temple Olives Bethany http://goo.gl/maps/xOXJ5

"Sabbath's day journey" = ~ .6 miles = ~1km (cf. Luke 24.50: "as far as Bethany")



EARLY SPREAD OF CHRISTIANITY ACCORDING TO ACTS

Acts 1-7: Church in Jerusalem Martrydom of Stephen >

Philip in Samaria (Peter & John) Philip & eunuch in Gaza

Conversion of Saul (Damascus > Jerusalem)

Acts 9.31: The church throughout Judea, Galilee, and Samaria had peace and was built up. Living in the fear of the Lord and in the comfort of the Holy Spirit, it increased in numbers.

Peter in Lydda & Joppa >>...



ACTS 10: THE BEGINNING OF THE GENTILE MISSION

Cornelius the Gentile in Caesarea Maritima





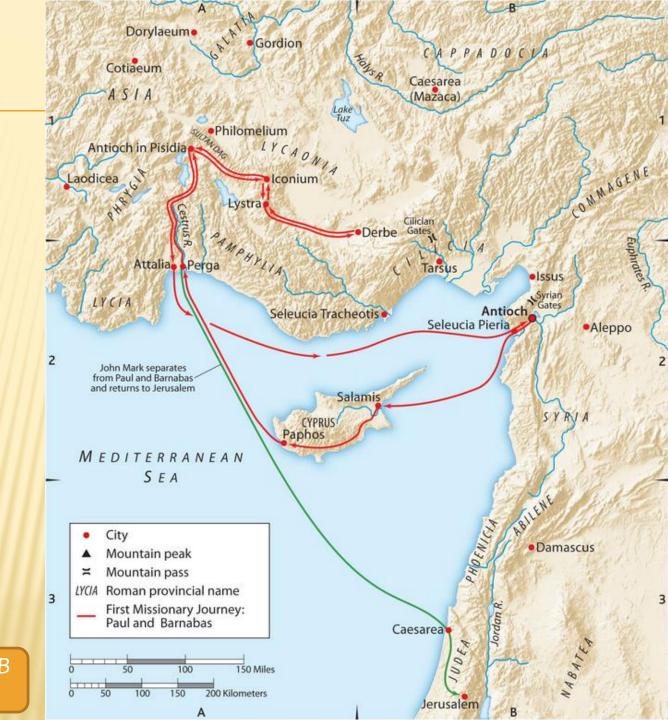
FIRST MISSION JOURNEY

Barnabas and Paul start from Antioch Acts 13-14

ACTS 15: Jerusalem Council Confirmation of the Gentile Mission

15.36ff: Paul (w/ Silas) & Barnabas (w/ Mark) split

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Neapolis









Via Egnatia to/ in Philippi





Philippi



Looking south Philippi forum in foreground and ruins of Basilica B (6th century CE) behind

In distance is Plain of Philippi where Battle of Philippi fought in 42BCE and Octavian (Augustus) and Mark Antony defeated Brutus and Cassius

PAUL IN PHILIPPI

×16.13ff: Lydia



Acts 16.13: "On the sabbath day we went outside the gate by the river, where we supposed there was a place of prayer; and we sat down and spoke to the women who had gathered there."



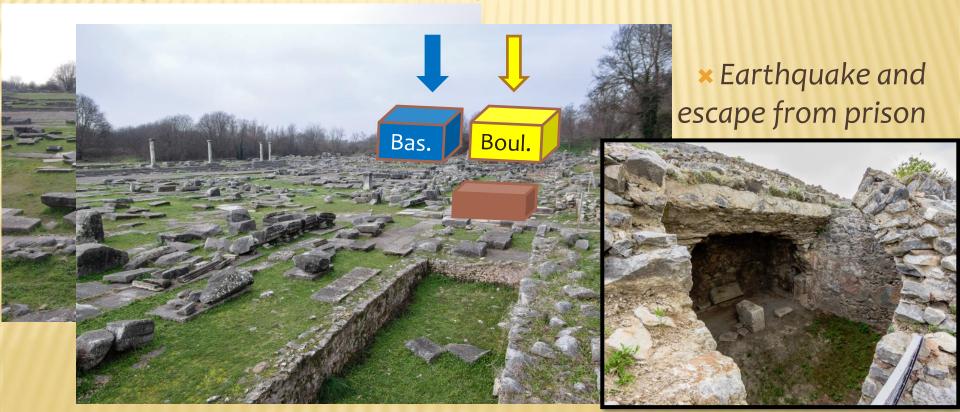




PAUL IN PHILIPPI

× 16.16ff. – Ugliness involving fortune-telling slave girl

* "But when her owners saw that their hope of making money was gone, they seized Paul and Silas and dragged them into the marketplace before the authorities, and when they had brought them to the chief magistrates..."



ACTS 17.1

After Paul and Silas had passed through Amphipolis and Apollonia, they came to Thessalonica...



Philippi > Amphipolis > Apollonia> Thess.



The Lion of Amphipolis

Apollonia on south shore of Lake Volvi



ACTS 17

Thessalonica > Beroea > Athens



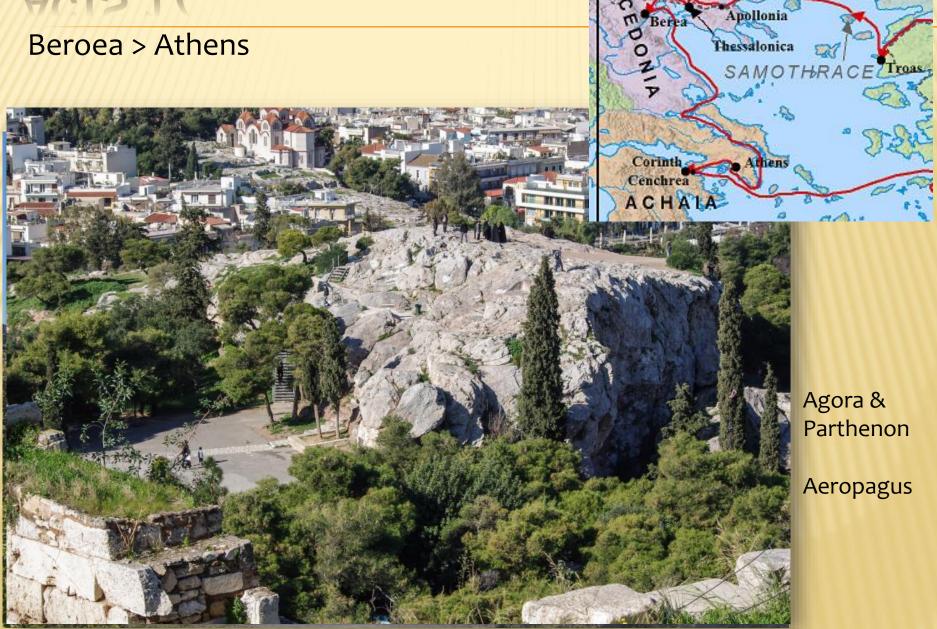
Thessalonica (poor Jason...)

Beroea









THRAC

Philippi

Amphipolis

ACTS 18

Athens > **Corinth** Paul spends at least 1.5 years here



18.12: But when Gallio (52CE) was proconsul of Achaia, the Jews made a united attack on Paul and brought him before the tribunal.



Gallio inscription from Delphi Acrocorinth / Lechaion St

ACTS 18

Corinth > **Cenchreae** > Ephesus > Caesarea/Jerusalem > Antioch







ACTS 19: EPHESUS 2 years >> riot!

Curetes Street







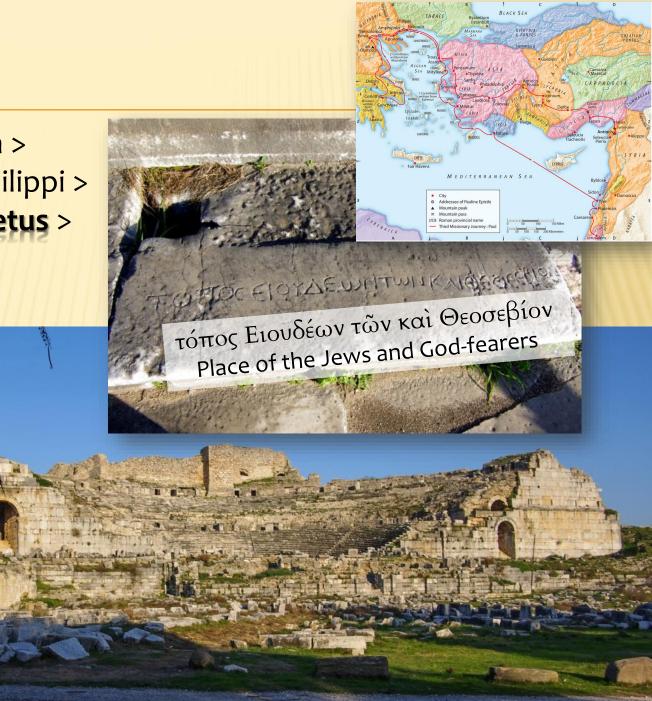
Library of Celsus (2nd CE)



Temple of Artemis

ACTS 20:

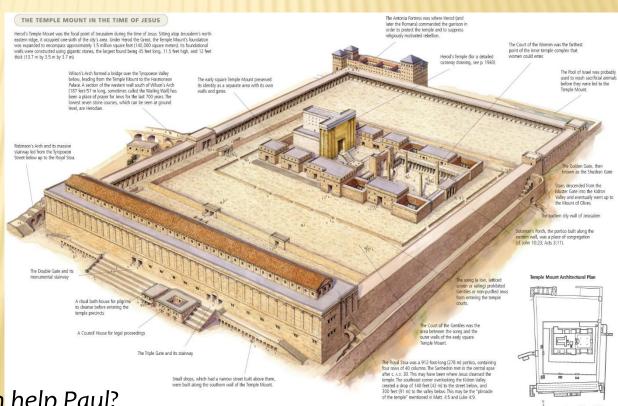
Ephesus > Macedonia > Greece (Corinth) > Philippi > Troas (Eutychus!) > **Miletus** > Sidon > Caesarea > Jerusalem



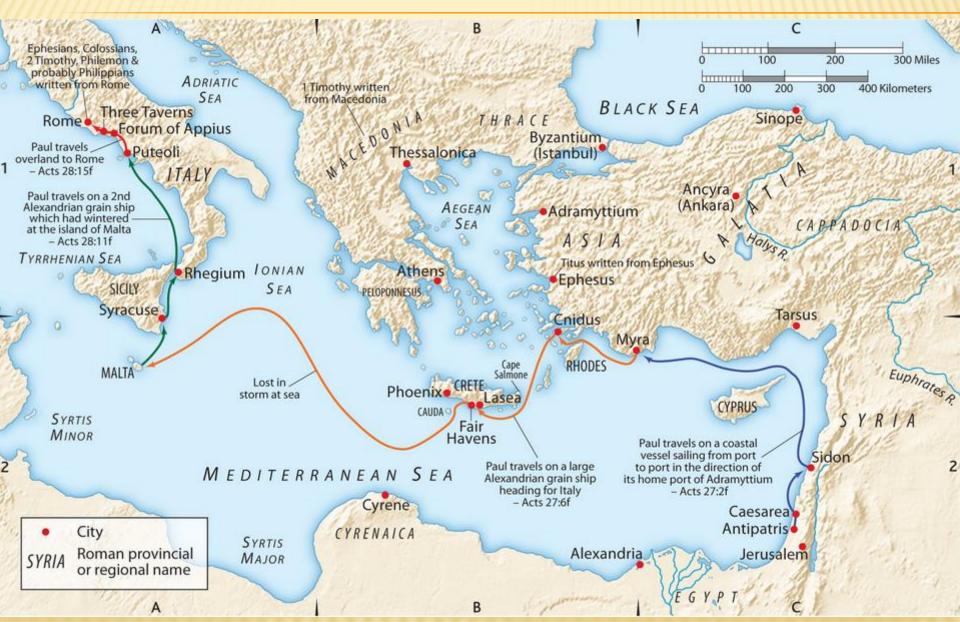
PAUL IN JERUSALEM

- In his letters, Paul talks about the importance of the offering for the Jerusalem Christians he has gathered from his Jewish / Gentile Christian congregations
- This offering is never mentioned in Acts...
- Instead, when Paul visits with James and elders in Jerusalem (21.17ff), they express concern about his teaching >> Paul pays for purification rites for self and 4 others
- Paul causes riot at Temple (falsely charged w/ bringing in a Gentile), dragged out and nearly killed
- Antonia cohort rescues Paul
 > Temple defense (22)
- Paul's defense before Council (23.1-10)
- Death plot > night flight to Antipatris > Caesarea (23.11-35)
- Paul imprisoned for 2-3 years; trials before Felix > Festus, Agrippa II / Bernice > appeal to Caesar

What about the offering? Why didn't Jerusalem Church help Paul?



PAUL'S JOURNEY TO ROME



NMAB

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SPREAD OF CHRISTIANITY IN ROMAN EMPIRE



GPS: God's Positioning System Reading the Bible through a Geographical Lens

- Today, when everyone and everything is so digitally connected, does geography matter at all?
- In 1000 years, if some archaeologist were to excavate your church, what conclusions would they draw?
- Is it helpful or harmful to have a sense of a "holy land"?
- What are the holy places in your faith community?
- Is the idea of pilgrimage a good thing?
- If you should visit the biblical lands, what places would you most want to see? What would you hope to experience?

ONE LAST MATTER...

Geology and geography explain why things happened where they did. Ancient literature and archaeology explain what happened. The Bible explains why things happened.

How will the study of the biblical world affect what we believe and think and what we do in the modern world?